# **HOUSE BILL No. 1100**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 31-9-2; IC 31-13-4; IC 31-16-6-6.

**Synopsis:** Emancipation of a minor. Establishes a process by which a minor may petition a court for the complete or partial emancipation of the minor. Requires the court to hold a hearing on the petition and make a determination. Allows a court to: (1) appoint a guardian ad litem or court appointed special advocate for the minor; and (2) modify or terminate an order for emancipation of a minor.

Effective: July 1, 2009.

# **Tincher**

January 8, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.





### First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

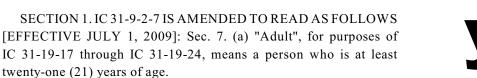
Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1100**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:



- (b) "Adult", for purposes of the juvenile law, means a person other than a child.
- (c) "Adult", for purposes of IC 31-13-4, means a person who is at least eighteen (18) years of age.

SECTION 2. IC 31-9-2-49 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 49. "Guardian", for purposes of the juvenile law and IC 31-13-4, means a person appointed by a court to have the care and custody of a child or the child's estate, or both.

SECTION 3. IC 31-9-2-88 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 88. (a) "Parent", for purposes of the juvenile law, means a biological or an adoptive parent. Unless otherwise specified, the term includes both parents, regardless



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1	of their marital status.	
2	(b) "Parent", for purposes of IC 31-13-4, means a biological or	
3	an adoptive parent. Unless otherwise specified, the term includes	
4	both parents, regardless of their marital status. However, the term	
5	does not include a parent whose parental rights have been	
6	terminated.	
7	SECTION 4. IC 31-13-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS	
8	A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
9	1, 2009]:	
0	Chapter 4. Emancipation of a Minor	
.1	Sec. 1. A minor is an emancipated minor if one (1) or more of	
2	the following apply:	
3	(1) The minor has entered into a valid marriage.	
4	(2) The minor has joined the United States armed services.	
5	(3) A court has issued an order for emancipation of the minor	
6	under this chapter or any other applicable law.	
7	Sec. 2. (a) A minor who is at least sixteen (16) years of age may	
8	petition for complete or partial emancipation of the minor in the	
9	circuit or superior court in the county in which:	
20	(1) the minor resides or is temporarily domiciled; or	
21	(2) a court action affecting the interests of the minor is	
22	pending.	
23	(b) A petition for emancipation of a minor must:	
24	(1) be verified; and	
25	(2) set forth the following:	
26	(A) That the minor is at least sixteen (16) years of age.	
27	(B) That the minor has lived wholly or partially	
28	independent of the minor's parent or guardian.	V
29	(C) That the minor has demonstrated the ability and	
0	capacity to manage the minor's own affairs.	
1	(D) The reason for which the minor seeks to obtain	
32	complete or partial emancipation.	
3	(E) The names and addresses of the parent or guardian of	
34	the minor.	
35	(c) A certified copy of the minor's birth certificate must be filed	
66	with the petition for emancipation.	
37	Sec. 3. When a petition for emancipation is filed with a court,	
8	the parent or guardian of the minor shall be notified of the hearing	
9	on the petition in the same manner as a summons is served under	
10	the Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure.	
1	Sec. 4. The court shall hold a hearing on a petition filed under	
12.	section 2 of this chapter and make a determination.	



1	Sec. 5. (a) The court may appoint a guardian ad litem or court	
2	appointed special advocate for the minor.	
3	(b) The provisions of IC 31-17-6 apply to the appointment of a	
4	guardian ad litem or court appointed special advocate under this	
5	section.	
6	(c) The court may order:	
7	(1) a parent or guardian; or	
8	(2) the minor for whom a guardian ad litem or court	
9	appointed special advocate is appointed under this chapter;	
10	to pay a user fee for the services provided by the guardian ad litem	
11	or court appointed special advocate. The fee shall be collected in	
12	accordance with a procedure established by the court under	
13	IC 31-17-6-9.	
14	Sec. 6. (a) A court may order a minor to be completely or	
15	partially emancipated.	
16	(b) The court may enter an order for complete emancipation of	
17	a minor if the court determines that the minor:	
18	(1) is at least sixteen (16) years of age;	
19	(2) wishes to be free from parental control and protection and	
20	no longer needs that control and protection;	
21	(3) understands the consequences of being free from parental	
22	control and protection;	
23	(4) has sufficient money for the child's own support; and	
24	(5) has an acceptable plan for independent living.	
25	(c) In making a determination under this section, the court shall	
26	consider the best interests of the minor and the minor's parent or	
27	guardian.	
28	Sec. 7. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a minor who is	
29	completely emancipated under this chapter shall have the same	
30	right to make contracts and conveyances, to sue and to be sued,	
31 32	and to transact business as if the minor were an adult.  (b) A minor who is completely emancipated under this chapter	
33	shall not have rights that are inconsistent with the specific age	
34	requirements of a state or federal law.	
35	(c) If a minor is completely emancipated under this chapter, the	
36	parent or guardian is:	
37	(1) relieved of all legal duties and obligations owed to the	
38	minor; and	
39	(2) divested of all rights with respect to the minor that the	
40	parent or guardian had prior to the emancipation of the	
41	minor because of the minor's age.	
42	Sec. 8. A minor who is partially emancipated under this chapter	



1	shall have only the rights and responsibilities specified in the order
2	of the court.
3	Sec. 9. An emancipated minor remains subject to the following:
4	(1) IC 20-33-2 concerning compulsory school attendance.
5	(2) The continuing jurisdiction of the court.
6	Sec. 10. (a) The court may modify or terminate a previous
7	emancipation order by the court.
8	(b) A subsequent modification or termination of an
9	emancipation order under this section shall be effective only
10	prospectively and shall not affect any rights, duties, obligations, or
11	causes of action existing prior to the modification or termination
12	of an emancipation order under this chapter.
13	Sec. 11. A final order granting or denying complete or partial
14	emancipation under this chapter may be appealed.
15	SECTION 5. IC 31-16-6-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007,
16	SECTION 362, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 6. (a) The duty to support a child
18	under this chapter ceases when the child becomes twenty-one (21)
19	years of age unless any of the following conditions occurs:
20	(1) The child is emancipated before becoming twenty-one (21)
21	years of age. In this case the child support, except for the
22	educational needs outlined in section 2(a)(1) of this chapter,
23	terminates at the time of emancipation, although an order for
24	educational needs may continue in effect until further order of the
25	court.
26	(2) The child is incapacitated. In this case the child support
27	continues during the incapacity or until further order of the court.
28	(3) The child:
29	(A) is at least eighteen (18) years of age;
30	(B) has not attended a secondary school or postsecondary
31	educational institution for the prior four (4) months and is not
32	enrolled in a secondary school or postsecondary educational
33	institution; and
34	(C) is or is capable of supporting himself or herself through
35	employment.
36	In this case the child support terminates upon the court's finding
37	that the conditions prescribed in this subdivision exist. However,
38	if the court finds that the conditions set forth in clauses (A)
39	through (C) are met but that the child is only partially supporting
40	or is capable of only partially supporting himself or herself, the
41	court may order that support be modified instead of terminated.
42	(b) For nurnoses of determining if a child is emancinated under



1	subsection (a)(1), if the court finds that the child:	
2	(1) has joined the United States armed services;	
3	(2) has married; <del>or</del>	
4	(3) is not under the care or control of:	
5	(A) either parent; or	
6	(B) an individual or agency approved by the court; or	
7	(4) is an emancipated minor under IC 31-13-4-1.	
8	the court shall find the child emancipated and terminate the child	
9	support.	

